Driver Education Final Exam

Instructions: Bubble in the correct answer on your scantron answer sheet.

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1. The name of the textbook is called Drive Right.
2. True
3. False
4. What is the main cause of most traffic collisions?
5. inadequate traffic controls
6. poorly constructed streets
7. driver error
8. vehicle defects
9. You are about to be struck from behind while stopped at a stop sign. You should:
10. put on the parking brake
11. release the brakes just before the collision
12. brake hard to avoid the collision
13. shift to REVERSE and turn off the engine
14. If left turns are not prohibited after a left-turn arrow ends, what strategy should you use to complete the turn?
15. Turn left ahead of other traffic.
16. Treat it as an unprotected left turn.
17. Assume oncoming traffic yields to you.
18. Stop near the center of the intersection.
19. A solid line and a broken line painted on the center of a two-lane highway means passing is:
20. allowed in either direction
21. not allowed for you when the solid line is on the other side
22. allowed only when the solid line is on your side
23. not allowed when the solid line is on your side
24. A left front tire blows out. Unless you control the vehicle, what will probably happen?
25. Your vehicle will sway from left to right.
26. Your vehicle will pull to the left.
27. Your vehicle will pull toward the shoulder.
28. You will slide in a straight line.
29. At what rate does the average person’s system oxidize alcohol
30. 3/4 of a drink per hour
31. 2 drinks per hour
32. 3 drinks per hour
33. 1-1/2 drinks per hour
34. The only sure way to reduce the body’s BAC and the degree of impairment is to:
35. Take time the body needs to recover

 b. handle it as a sudden emergency

c. consume several cups of black coffee

d. take a cold showe

9. What do police measure to determine a person’s level of intoxication?

 a. blood-alcohol concentration (BAC)

 b. power of concentration

 c. blood-pressure level

 d. power of coordination

10. Nevada has set the level of intoxication at a BAC of:

 a. .08 percent

 b. 1.0 percent

 c. .10 percent

 d. 1.1 percent

11. How many zones of space surrounding your vehicle are incorporated in the Zone Control System?

1. four
2. six
3. three
4. five

12. Expressway collisions tend to be more serious than those on other types of roads because

1. a median strip is present
2. there are so many traffic conflicts
3. expressway speeds are higher
4. expressway speeds are slower

13. The high collision rate of beginning drivers is due mostly to:

1. lack of experience
2. use of older cars
3. inadequate traffic enforcement
4. low minimum licensing age

14. What is the most common cause of death for people between the ages of 15 and 24.

1. motor vehicle crashes
2. AIDS
3. Homicide
4. Suicide

15. When you accelerate and steer at the same time, you are:

1. communicating with other drivers
2. executing a combination of actions
3. predicting that the driver behind you will speed up
4. Oversteering

16. A closed zone means:

1. a target area
2. you are restricted from parking
3. you can drive without restrictions
4. a space not open to you because of a restriction in your line of sight or intended path of

travel

17. If the power brakes fail due to a loss of engine power, you should:

1. avoid pressing the brake pedal
2. press harder on the brake pedal
3. pump the brake pedal
4. steer the vehicle onto the shoulder

18. When the expressway is wet or slippery, your following distance should be:

 a. increased to three or four seconds

b. decreased to less than two seconds

 c. two seconds

d. the same as on a dry roadway

19. In wet weather, with temperatures near the freezing point,

1. bridge and highway roadways will freeze at the same time
2. a highway roadway freezes before a bridge roadway
3. a bridge roadway freezes before a highway roadway
4. bridge and highway roadways will not freeze

20. If the acceleration lane is short, you will need:

1. more clear space ahead of your car
2. a gradual steering motion
3. a shorter gap to enter traffic
4. a longer gap to enter traffic

21. Which types of cell phones are considered to be hazards when a driver is using them?

1. only cell phones that require the use of the driver’s hands
2. only phones that can be used for text messages
3. only hands-free cell phones
4. all cell phones

22. A red [x] on an overhead signal above your lane indicates:

 a. the lane will be closed farther ahead

b. you must leave the expressway

 c. you are in an express lane

d. the lane is closed to traffic

23. A yellow X on an overhead signal above your lane indicates:

1. the lane will be closed farther ahead
2. the lane is now closed to traffic
3. you are in an express lane
4. you are going the wrong way

24. When driving at night with no other vehicles present, use the:

1. low-beam headlights
2. emergency flashers
3. parking lights
4. high-beam headlights

25. Three factors that determine force of impact are:

1. shock absorbers, tire pressure, and roadway surface
2. traction, brakes, and steering
3. speed, weight, and distance between impact and stopping
4. tire tread, visibility, and four-wheel drive

26. Most states require that when a school bus is stopped to load or unload passengers on a two-way street, drivers

1. in the same lane must stop
2. in both directions must stop
3. in the oncoming lane must stop
4. should slow and prepare to stop

27. What are the parts of the highway transportation system (HTS)?

1. roads, streets, and highways
2. trucks, bicycles, and automobiles
3. people, vehicles, and roadways
4. pedestrians, cyclists, and drivers
5. Alcohol is a:
6. Hallucinogen
7. depressant, not a stimulant
8. stimulant, not a depressant
9. inhibitor, not a relaxant
10. Peer pressure:
11. is always negative
12. can be rejected immediately
13. is always positive
14. can be positive or negative
15. If the rear of your vehicle skids to the right, you should:
16. steer to the right
17. swerve both left and right
18. steer straight ahead
19. steer to the left

31. When you see a yellow signal light, you should:

1. continue through the intersection
2. speed up before it turns red
3. prepare to stop if you have not already entered the intersection
4. brake hard to a complete stop
5. When driving in fog, you should use
6. high-beam headlights
7. parking lights
8. emergency flashers
9. low-beam headlights
10. A space cushion is:
11. a pillow on a rocket ship used for a flotation drive
12. an open area of space all around a vehicle
13. the room available for parallel parking
14. the distance you can see ahead

34. Interstate highways are identified on signs with what kind of shape?

1. Round
2. Square
3. Shield
4. Triangular
5. When you judge where a possible conflict might occur, what IPDE step are you using?
6. Predict
7. Execute
8. Identify
9. Decide
10. The amount of alcohol in 1-1/2 ounces of whiskey or 5 ounces of wine is approximately equal to that in
11. a six-pack of 12-ounce cans of beer
12. one 12-ounce can of beer
13. three 12-ounce cans of beer
14. two 12-ounce cans of beer
15. An intersection which has neither traffic signs nor traffic signals is
16. a controlled intersection
17. an illegal intersection
18. an unrestricted intersection
19. an uncontrolled intersection
20. How old must a student be to enroll in Driver Education?
21. 14 yrs old
22. 15 yrs old
23. 16 yrs old
24. 17 yrs old

 39. Nevada law mandates that all drivers carry which type of insurance?

 a. Liability

b. Collision

 c. Comprehensive

d. Medical

 40. The added lane on an expressway exit ramp in which to slow down is the:

 a. stop line

b. emergency run off ramp

 c. expressway shoulder

 d. deceleration lane

1. How can you distinguish between an entrance ramp and an exit ramp?
2. Exit ramps are always on your right
3. Entrance ramps are always on your right
4. The entrance ramp has an enter sign
5. The exit ramp has a WRONG WAY or DO NOT ENTER sign
6. What happens when you pass a large truck during rain or snow?
7. Expect the truck will pull over for you
8. Both traction and visibility are decreased
9. Nothing unusual happens
10. Both traction and visibility are increased
11. If you use high-beam headlights in snow, rain, or fog, you will have
12. a better chance of seeing hazards
13. better long-range vision
14. more light reflected back in your eyes
15. more time to react to hazards
16. A delayed green light means:
17. you may turn right when it turns red
18. the turn is unprotected
19. do not go until it becomes fresh
20. one side of an intersection has a green light and the other side remains red
21. When parking uphill with no curb, your vehicle’s front wheels should
22. rest against an obstacle at the edge of the roadway
23. point straight ahead
24. turn to the left
25. turn to the right
26. What should you do if you come across the scene of a collision where emergency crews are working?
27. Find a safe place to park your car and offer assistance to the emergency workers
28. Slow to a safe speed and remain focused on the road and on workers directing traffic
29. Slow down so that you don’t cause a collision as you check out the scene
30. Drive faster so that you can be clear out of the way of the emergency personnel quickly
31. International roadway signs only use
32. words, not pictures
33. symbols, not words
34. words, not symbols
35. colors, not pictures
36. A construction zone is indicated by
37. a yellow sign
38. a blue sign
39. an orange sign
40. a green sign
41. When you accelerate to avoid a collision, which step in the IPDE Process are you using?
42. Decide
43. Predict
44. Execute
45. Identify
46. An intersection is a
47. place to change lanes
48. high-risk area where the management of your path of travel needs constant attention
49. low-risk area needing little attention
50. place to visit with a neighboring vehicle
51. If two vehicles approach an uncontrolled intersection at about the same time, who must yield?
52. The driver on the right yields when turning.
53. The driver on the left yields when turning.
54. The driver on the left yields to the driver on the right.
55. The driver on the right yields to the driver on the left.
56. Generally, you may turn right on red providing you
57. slow enough to have good visibility
58. slow before turning
59. treat the light as you would a STOP sign
60. prepare to stop for traffic
61. Velocitation means
62. the same as highway hypnosis
63. using cruise control to maintain a steady speed
64. thinking the car is traveling slower than it really is
65. reducing speed when exiting
66. Broken white lines
67. separate lanes of traffic moving in the same direction
68. warn of a railroad crossing ahead
69. tell you where to stop
70. indicate a no-passing zone
71. The basic speed law requires you to drive
72. above posted minimum speed limit
73. at the maximum posted speed limit
74. no faster than is safe for existing conditions
75. within 5 mph of the 55 mph speed limit
76. The speed limit on a residential street is:
77. 15 mph
78. 20 mph
79. 25 mph
80. 30 mph
81. The speed limit in a school zone when kids are present is:
82. 15 mph
83. 20 mph
84. 25 mph
85. 30 mph
86. The chance of a collision is greatest at
87. school crossings
88. parking lot entrances and exits
89. a driveway entrance
90. an intersection
91. What percent of all miles of roadways in the United States are considered to be rural?
92. 82
93. 33
94. 50
95. 98
96. Paying for oil, gasoline, maintenance, and repairs are examples of
97. operating costs for a vehicle
98. vehicle costs that depreciate
99. costs that are nonessential to performance
100. invisible costs added to the purchase price
101. Red roadway markers mean that
102. you are driving in the correct direction
103. a railroad crossing is ahead
104. you are driving in the wrong direction
105. an exit ramp is approaching
106. A flashing red light at an intersection means that you must
107. make a complete stop and proceed when the way is clear
108. slow down and proceed with caution
109. stop only if there is cross traffic
110. stop and wait until it stops flashing
111. Low inflation of your tires
112. increases tire mileage
113. makes vehicle control easier
114. makes the vehicle harder to handle
115. increases fuel mileage
116. Fatigue
117. increases mental awareness
118. can be prevented if you have a full meal before you drive
119. is caused by a safety belt that fits too tightly
120. slows mental and physical processes
121. A wolf pack on an expressway is a
122. driver alone in traffic
123. bunch of vehicles
124. widely scattered group of cars
125. college in Reno, Nevada
126. A sign with a yellow background is a
127. regulatory sign
128. STOP sign
129. warning sign
130. recreation area sign
131. The message on a diamond-shaped sign might be
132. Pass With Care, Trucks Use Right Lane, or Do Not Pass
133. One Way, Wrong Way, or No Trucks
134. Curve, Hill, or Winding Road
135. No Turn, Speed Zone Ahead, or Left Lane Must Turn Left
136. Before shifting from PARK to DRIVE, you should
137. release the foot-brake pedal
138. apply the parking brake
139. press down on the foot-brake pedal
140. shift into NEUTRAL and wait a second
141. Signal your intention to stop by
142. turning on the emergency flasher
143. holding the turn-signal lever down
144. holding the turn-signal lever up
145. tapping the foot-brake pedal
146. At what speed should you pass another vehicle going in the same direction on a two-lane roadway?
147. about the same speed as the vehicle you are passing
148. at least 10 mph faster than the other vehicle
149. slightly higher than the speed limit
150. within 5 mph of the other vehicle
151. The parking brake
152. is a separate brake system
153. is used to slow the vehicle
154. is controlled by the master cylinder
155. works on front wheels only
156. Black ice
157. is thin sheets of invisible ice
158. is well-traveled ice
159. provides more traction than regular ice
160. is easy to see
161. How do traffic deaths on rural highways compare with those on urban roadways?
162. Twice as many deaths occur on rural roadways
163. There are fewer deaths on rural highways than on urban roadways
164. The number of deaths is the same on both types of roadway
165. Twice as many deaths occur on urban roadways

 74. This sign means:

 A. church ahead C. railroad crossing ahead B. crossroad ahead D. detour ahead

 75. This sign means:

 A. bridge ahead C. right lane narrows B. soft shoulder D. divided highway ends

 76. This sign means:

 A slippery when wet C. wet paint on lines B. winding road D. fresh tar

77. A state law which requires you to prove that you can pay for damages you cause in a collision is a

 a. financial responsibility law

 b. financial protection law

 c. uninsured protection law

 d. driver negligence law

78. You must file a traffic accident report if someone is injured or if vehicle damage is:

 a. $550 or more

 b. $650 or more

 c. $850 or more

 d. $750 or more

79. You hear a siren or see the flashing lights of an emergency vehicle. You should:

 a. quickly pull to the left and stop if it is safe

 b. quickly pull to the right and stop if it is safe

 c. proceed slowly, and move if the emergency vehicle needs more room

 d. stop immediately where you are

80. Young drivers under 18 can have their license suspended or the issuance of their license delayed if found guilty of:

 a. placing graffiti or destroying public or private property

 b. purchasing, consuming, or possessing an alcoholic beverage

 c. using, possessing, selling, or distributing a controlled substance

 d. all of the above

81. Beginning drivers under 18 years of age must complete 60 hours of supervised behind-the-wheel driving experience before getting a full driver license.

1. True
2. False

82. You may be required to pass a vision test, a knowledge test and an on-road driving skills test upon expiration of your license.

1. True
2. False

83. If you are under 18 years of age, a parent or guardian must co-sign your application for a Nevada driver’s license and may cancel the minor’s instruction permit or license at any time.

1. True
2. False

84. If you have a license or ID card from another state, you must surrender it to get a Nevada license.

1. True
2. False

85. A driver’s license is a right guaranteed by Nevada law.

1. True
2. False

86. A minor’s license may be suspended or revoked for habitual truancy.

1. True
2. False

87. It is the responsibility of the state of Nevada to notify you when your license has expired.

1. True
2. False

88. A parent or guardian of a minor may cancel the minor’s instruction permit or license at any time.

1. True
2. False

89. Driver errors cause more emergencies than vehicle malfunctions cause.

1. True
2. False

90. Turnabout is a maneuver for turning the vehicle around to go in the opposite direction.

1. True
2. False

91. The implied consent law gives permission to be tested for BAC if arrested for suspicion of DUI.

1. True
2. False

92. The blind spot is an area not shown in rearview mirrors

1. True
2. False

93. A series of sharp turns on a mountain road is called a switchback.

1. True
2. False

94. When faced with an oncoming vehicle in your lane, steer to the left.

1. True
2. False

95. Most vehicles use fuel most efficiently above 55 mph.

1. True
2. False

96. Preventive maintenance is a method of routinely taking care of vehicle problems before they become serious

1. True
2. False

**B**

**A**

**C**

**D**

19

97. Mark the letter of the correct path of a driver

 making a right turn on to a two-way street:

**B**

**A**

**C**

**D**

19

98. Mark the letter of the correct path of a driver

 making a left turn on to a two-way street:

**B**

**C**

**D**

**A**

20

99. Mark the letter of the correct path of a driver making

 a left turn from a two-way street to a one-way street:

100. The roadway marking to which the arrow is pointing means:

 A. stop here for the STOP sign

STOP

 B. no turns at this intersection

 C. pedestrian crosswalk

 D. one-way, do not enter